2019 CERTIFICATION JUL 01 PM 1:51

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

City of Grenda Public Water System Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

	Customers were	informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
		☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
	T	☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)
	/ []	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
		☐ Other
	Date(s) custor	ners were informed: 7 / /2020 / /2020 / /2020
	methods used	Distributed: 7 / 12020
		outed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / 2020
1, . 1		□ As a URL(Provide Direct URL)
	П	☐ As an attachment
		☐ As text within the body of the email message
	CCR was publis	shed in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of New	spaper:
	Date Publishe	d:/
		d in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / / 2020
	CCR was posted	on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:
		(Provide Direct URL)
I here above and cof He	and that I used dis creet and is consist alth, Bureau of Pub	CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified tribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true ent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department lic Water Supply Collin Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.) Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

City of Grenada

PWS#: 220003, 220004, 220005, 220007, 2200062 1: 31 June 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Ferante Sims at 662.809.2292. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of the month at 6:00 PM at City Hall.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox, Middle Wilcox and Lower Wilcox Aquifers. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Grenada have received lower to higher susceptibility rankings to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000

PWS ID#:	022000	3		TEST RESUL	TS				
Contaminant	Violatio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source	of Contamination
Radioactiv	e Cont	aminan	ts		4				Erosion of natur
					pCi/L				

Inorganic	Conta	aminants								
10. Barium	N	2018*	.1712	.07491712		ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	.9	No Range		ppb		100	10	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016/18*	.4	0		ppm		1.3	AL=1.	systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	.771	.134771		ppm		4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2016/18*	3	0		ppb		0	AL=1	5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	96000	36000 - 96000		PPB		0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfectio 81. HAA5	n By-	Products	15	No Range	ppb		0			By-Product of drinking water
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2019	19.03	No Range	ppb		0		80	disinfection. By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.1	0 – 1.9	ppm		0	MDR		Water additive used to control microbes
Unregulate	ed Co	ntamina	nts							
Bromide	N	2018*	199	46.7 - 199	UG/L					Naturally-occurring element found in the earth's crust and at low concentrations in seawater, and in some surface and ground water; cobaltous chloride was formerly used in medicines and as a germicide
Manganese	N	2018*	260	45.9 - 260	UG/L					Naturally-occurring element; commercially available in combination with other elements and minerals; used in steel production, fertilizer, batteries and fireworks; drinking wate and wastewater treatment chemicals; essential nutrient
HAA5	N	2018*	7.78	2.1 – 5.69	UG/L					
	_		1	0.54 40.00	140"				-	
HAA6BR	N	2018*	10.29	3.51 – 10.29	UG/L					

PWS ID#:	220004		,	TEST RESUL	TS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0189	.01880189	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	2.3	2.1 – 2.3	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19	₂ 1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	.233	.231 – 2.33	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

17. Lead	N	2017/19	6	0		ppb		0	AL=	15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	79000	51000 - 790	00	PPB		0		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	on By-P	roducts									
81. HAA5	N	2019	4	No Range	ppb		0		60		-Product of drinking water sinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2019	3.4	No Range	ppb		0		80		-product of drinking water lorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.4	.8– 1.9	ppm		0	MDF	RL = 4		ater additive used to control crobes
PWS ID#:	220005	5		TEST RI	ESUL	TS					
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collecte	Leve d Detect	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	nples ling	Unit Measure -ment	МС	CLG	MCL	-	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contan	ninants									
10. Barium	N	2018	.0314	.0299031	4	ppm		2		2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19	:1	0		ppm		1.3	AL=	1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2017/19	1	0		ppb		0	AL=	:15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	6600	6500 - 6600		PPB		0		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	on By-P	roducts									
81. HAA5	N	2019	9	No Range	ppb		0		60	By	r-Product of drinking water sinfection.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.2	.8 – 1.7	ppm		0	MDF	RL = 4	Wa	ater additive used to control crobes

PWS ID#:	220007		7	TEST RESUL	TS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0323	.01370323	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	_7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	₋ 1.16	.858 – 1.16	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer an aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2017/19	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	140000	98000 - 140000	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfectio	n By-Pr	oducts	-	<u>_</u>				

81. HAA5	N	2019	14	No Range	ppb		0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2019	23.82	No Range	ppb		0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.2	.8– 1.5	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	W	ater additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#:	220036			TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	or Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0204	.01960204	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	2.9	No Range	ppb	100	10	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19	.8	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.	
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	1.39	1.37 – 1.39	ppm	4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2017/19	2	0	ppb	0	AL=1	5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	140000	No Range	PPB	0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Volatile Or	ganic (Contami	nants					
76. Xylenes	N	2019	.000501	No Range	ppm	10	1	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectio	n By-Pı	oducts						
81. HAA5	N	2019	5 N	lo Range p	b	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2018*	14.1 N	lo Range p	рр	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.3	7— 1.7 pp	om	0 MD		Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#:	220062			TEST RESUL	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0106	.01020106	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	1	.6 – 1	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2019	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	134	.133134	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

17. Lead	N	2019	2	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	85000	82000 - 8500	00 PPE	3	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfect	ion By-l	Product	S						
			_						
81. HAA5	N	2017*	5	No Range	ppb	0			y-Product of drinking water sinfection.

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During October 2019 on System # 220005, we did not complete monitoring for Chlorine. We were required to take 2 samples and only took 1. We have since taken the required samples that showed our water meets drinking water standards.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our systems are required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was as follows. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was as follows.

System #	# of Months	Percentage
220003	5	81%
220004	3	57%
220005	7	93%
220007	7	92%
220036	6	71%
220062	6	75%

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The City of Grenada works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



DANIEL & ANGELICA MCCORMICK 216 MISSISSIPPI AVENUE GRENADA, MS 38901 DAYS OF OPERATION MON-FRI 8:00 AM- 5:00 PM PHONE: 662-227-3400

FAX: 662-226-0561 AFTER HOURS/EMERGENCIES: 662-227-3415 QUESTIONS: WATERBILLING@CITYOFGRENADA.MS

SERVICE /	ADDRES	216 MISSISSIPPI AVENUE							
SERVICE	PREVIOUS READING	CURRENT READING	READ DATE	CONSUMPTION					
WATER	311950	315190	06/11/2020	3240					

SERVICE PERIOD 05/11 - 06/11 SERVICE DESCRIPTION AMOUNT WATER \$13.30 SEWER \$7.86 GARBAGE \$16.00

TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES

00001921	ACCOUNT NUMBER
06/30/20	BILLING DATE
\$32.44	PREVIOUS BILL
\$0.00	PAYMENTS
\$32.44	BALANCE FORWARD
\$37.16	CURRENT CHARGES
\$69.60	TOTAL DUE
07/10/20	DATE DUE
\$69.60	AMOUNT DUE IF PAID AFTER DUE DATE includes \$5.00 Penalty
07/15/2020	CUT OFF DATE Account subject to disconnection and \$35 Admin Fee

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

The City of Grenada now accepts debit and credit cards. You can also pay online @ www.cityofgrenada.net
Or by phone at 1 (833) 202-4719

Shape your community. Participate in the 2020 Census. Visit **2020CENSUS.GOV** to learn more. #Grenadacounts2020

Visit us on the web at - www.cityofgrenada.ms

\$37.16

PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN BOTTOM PORTION IF PAYING BY MAIL. PLEASE DO NOT STAPLE OR FOLD. PLEASE WRITE YOUR ACCOUNT NUMBER ON YOUR CHECK.
TO BETTER ASSIST YOU, PLEASE BRING YOUR COMPLETE BILL WHEN PAYING IN PERSON.

Check here for E-Billing Form on Reverse side



116 Main St. Grenada, Mississippi 38901

BILL DATE	ACCOUNT NUMBER	DATE DUE
06/30/20	00001921	07/10/20
PREVIOUS BALANCE	BALANCE FORWARD	TOTAL DUE
\$32.44	\$32.44	\$69,60
CUT OFF DATE Account subject to disconnection and \$35 Admin Fee		07/15/2020

Amount Enclosed \$

Please remit and make checks in US funds payable to:

CITY OF GRENADA - WATER DEPT 116 MAIN ST GRENADA MS 38901-2622

DANIEL & ANGELICA MCCORMICK 216 MISSISSIPPI AVENUE GRENADA, MS 38901

BILLING QUESTIONS AND SERVICE REQUEST

The City of Grenada Water Department is available by calling (662)-227-3400 or (662)-227-3411. Monday - Friday 8:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m. except for holidays and emergency closings or visit us at <u>waterbilling@cityofgrenada.ms</u>

WATER/SEWER LINE MAINTENANCE REPAIRS OR EMERGENCY

Emergency after hours, weekend or holidays: (662)-227-3415 Additional charges may apply for services after hours.

PAYMENT OPTIONS:

By Mail or in Person: City of Grenada Water Dept., 116 Main St, Grenada, MS 38901 City of Grenada Water Dept., P.O. Box 310, Grenada, MS 38902-0310

Drop Box: Located outside City Hall at 108 Main St. Grenada, MS 38901

Payments are collected for posting at 8:00 a.m. Do not put eash in the drop box. The City of Grenada is not responsible for lost eash.

Automatic Bank Draft: Call Customer Service at (662)-227-3400 to request a form.

The City of Grenada will accept payment in the form of cash, single-party check, money order or cashier's check.

NON-RECEIPT OF UTILITY BILL

In the event you do not receive your bill, please contact Customer Service. Failure to receive a bill does not relieve the customer from payment obligation or delinquent charges. The City is not responsible for mail delivery.

RETURNED CHECKS/DRAFTS

A charge of \$40.00 will be assessed for returned checks/drafts in addition to the amount of the returned item and service is subject to disconnection. When a check/draft is returned we will not accept another check for payment. Cash, Money Order or Cashier's Check only.

PAYMENTS AND DISCONNECTIONS

Utility bills are due and payable each month in full and become past due after the statement due date. If your payment is not received in our office by the due date, a late charge of \$5.00 will be assessed. If you believe the amount on your billing statement is incorrect, please contact Customer Service before your due date to discuss your account.

Once service has been disconnected for non-payment of the account, the total amount due on the account, including the reconnect fee of \$35.00 must be paid on cut off day for same day reconnection. Accounts paid after the cut off day will be reconnected the next business day or will be charged and additional \$40.00 for same day reconnection.

TAMPERING WITH WATER METERS IS ILLEGAL!

Did you know that tempering with the City's meters and metering equipment or turning water on or off without authorization is against the law? Violatous can be subject to a fine of \$500 in addition to any damages from their actions.

GO GREEN!! SIGN UP FOR E-BILLING

Have your bill sent directly to your email. Receive your bill 1-2 days sooner.

Help reduce cost to the water system. Help the environment by conserving natural resources and reducing waste.

Yes, enroll my account in E-Billing*

(Please provide your email address below)

E-mail Address

Signature (must match name on account)

* Enrollment in E-Billing will discontinue your mailed bill

Note: Failure to receive E-Bill does not excuse payment.